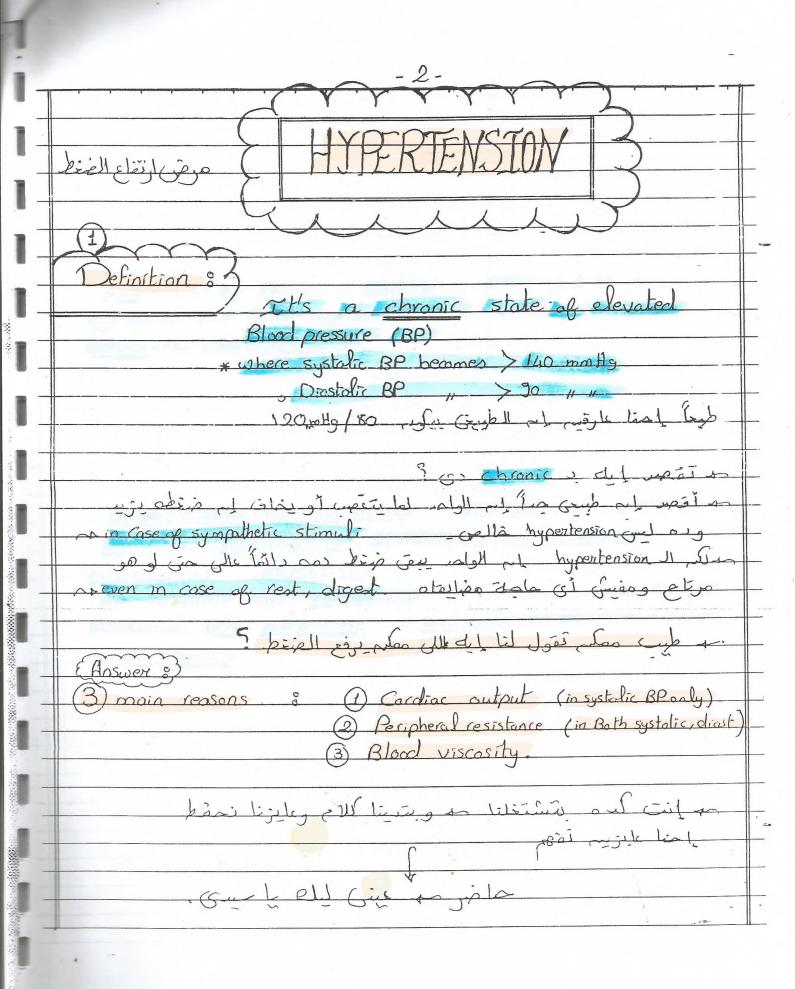
MB/OET Tension US-101/21

A prove	
ع مه بس وعد مه سارية م غريد	مره مادی هارخی علی متوبین تاز
3 centres that control h	oth heat rate, & Bloodvesiels tone
those centres are : (1) Co	ardiax accelerating centre (CAC)
(2) Can	diac inhibitory centre (CTS)
(3) V	asomotor centre
Any change i	n BP is felt
& veturoed	pack to namel
as follow	2 S.
in case of TBP	in case of Low BP
nothis +BP is felt by barorereptor	s this & BP is felt by bororereptors
which send impulses to CNS to 8	which send impulses to CNS to a
(1) stimulate CTC ~ + HR	1) Stimulate CAC ~ TAR
1 inhibit CAC NO HR	@ mhibit CIC ~ THR
la alike Macamatar centre to	3) stimulate vasamator centre to
+ contracting as vasoditatating mult	R 1 contracto, ~ vasoconstrictor, ~ 1PR
→ ↓ BP	18P
4	1 trenin secreting by Kidney AgT
	~ vasorans tricting ~ TPR ~ TBP
	A Aldosterone A TNot, Horetention
	~ + Blood volume ~ + COP ~ + BP
normal 18 + BP JI alla 3	pathological +&+BP. JI Guo



-3-
صنيح الكلام على مثال كلتا بنشوقك في المياه مد مرطوم المياه
مالياه متطلع مم المترطوم بكوية مؤية مع بالراعة.
min bies est all melles aidles established in a de since de la la de la la de la la de la
the Same in (COP) when I increases the pressure on walls of acita in each systale (heart contractor,)  coursing (1) in systalic BP  diastolic BP It ager Godo Est
أرجع المفرطوم مع لو طبيعت المفرطوم مأوية مد العلاه منطاح يسرعة
the same in peripheral resistance a blood flow (ft) from left ventricles (big chambre) to acrta (smaller in size)
to arterioles (very small)  so if arterioles are constricted (resistance will & Greatly or causing & in Both systolic,  diastolic BP
Systolic BP is affected by PR, COP,  Directoric BP 11 11 only by PR
Blood viscosity is a minor effect.
وتعالم نسرج كلميس كانوا في المعاض الخامسة وقلتا إنه الدكتورة الم تقلم الكرة الم ونسرهم

-km - . Tan

I

I

-4-	
Polado Might	
* Preload &	
its the venous return	
- End diastolic Volume (EDV)	
	_
- Es al Gel	3
Join alean elle reloxation alpon to heart I got	
contractor ! apal (a pull	
All 5 & contractor, Il spiral to heart il caso till pull and a	4
verous return of FOV of preload: lessin	_
	_
وَلَ مَنْهُمُ مَمُلُم لِلْا سَمِينَ اللَّهِ مَنْهُمُ مَمُلُم لِلَّا سَمِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْهُمُ مَنْهُمُ	3
Carty vasoconstructon II (32) an Venous vasoconstruton II Germania de la	-
( 15 !) oza o all Veins I	
Juliel en	
Jaco preload 11 g	
ESO I COLO COLO MEL POR CUE	3
yes to a certain Limit was a Grant of	<i></i>
heart failure description of the list of the list of the	
ولو قل أوى مه يبي العلب هيم في قليل أوى فهيزور خربا عويدمل archythmia	
as Preload t >> COPT	
Atter Load: acity acity	
it's power needed by heart musile	
to pump the blood against aartic resistance	
we can call it load of acterial Bload	-
Pressure.	

Lan Harmon

left ventricle il pall de la lisa cital dil agali of the many and size love or of the hand pressure différence Il ou pour pressure I pode ( En ventrale 1 & pressure I et vail eta polítice power of some die of the whicle It is pressure It det alle pressure Il (suit gest ventricles il dals pressure Il Glat piche heart Peripheral resistance II de min aarta II is pressure li lespo arterial vasoconstricting of TPR of 1 Afterload Venous Vasoconstricto, 1 Preload. hypertension (etiology) a according to severity mild moderate Severe malignant 

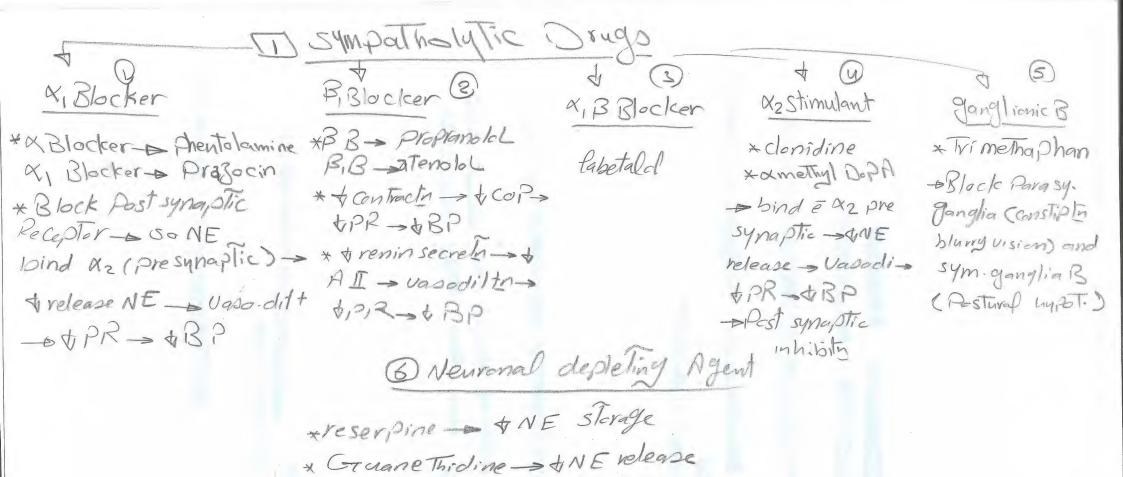
- 6 -	1:81
@ According to Severity of elevated BP:	+
	-
i) mild ? 140-159 mmly / 90-140 mmlg	
120-130 mmHg reprehy per ten so (50 d) cols; cols	
ii) Moderate 8 160 - 179 / 105 115	
11) / loderane o 160 - 17) / 107-110	
îii) Severe : 180 / 120	
iv) Accelerated & malignant: > 180/120	+
الأرقاع مريقة عالمة	
i) prehyper tension ~ 120-130/	
ii) Stage 1 ~ 140-160/	
(iii) // 2 ~> > 160 /	
[v) 4 3 > 180 /	
	under the tra
	1
(b) According to cause (etiology)?	-
(i) Primary (essential) hypertension 38	
in this case whe cause is Eunknown?	
it represents 90% of hypertensive patients. Comill	,
Scientists suggested some possible reasons for this type of	-
hypertension del costi llag.	-
· ·	

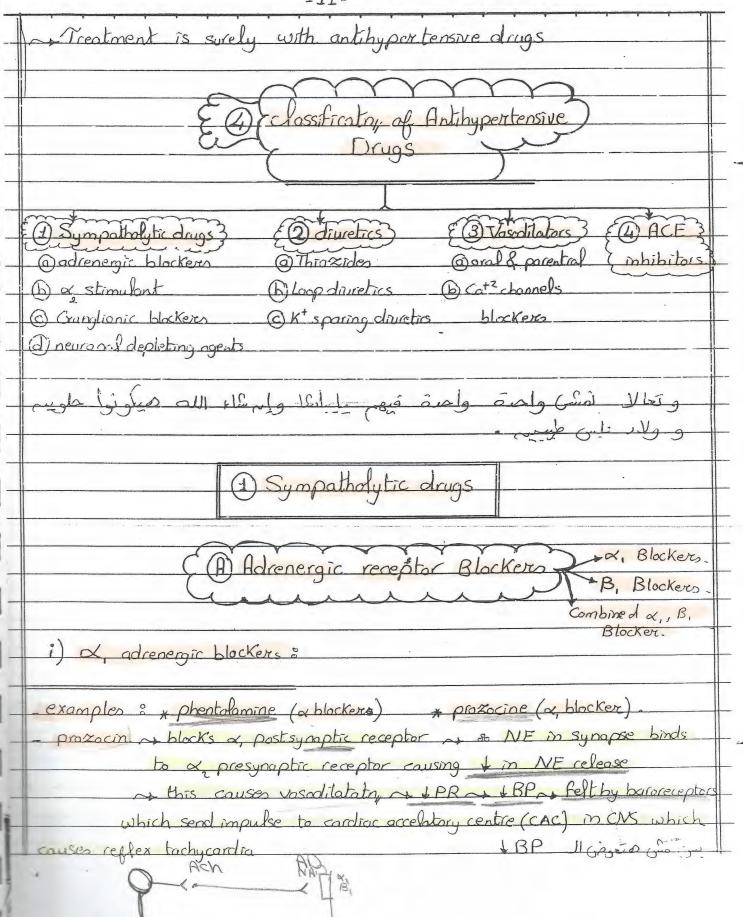
those foctors are & a Grenetic Factors  bije ald so air Game II in bije po in dolg og Y in Jub alg G	
(b) abnormal Not conc. in vessels cell  Ab causing swelling, Narrowing of vessels at 1PR at 13P	
if Nat in creases inside cells of Blood vessels  it will at the asmotic pressure inside those cells	M
those cells swell as I diameter of Blood vesses	
response frequent or prolonged period of vasoconstricting.	2
hypertension glassis, prolonged periodsog vosoconst alpha in Grown and Grown	
(i) Secondary (symptomatic) hypertensian).	
hypertension almos (in oir rable)	5-2-1
the Couse may be ?	
(a) Remardisease and any disease causing renal ischemia or, I in renal mass	3
Assimi juico Goo de Kidney Il Blood Flow Il Otal de Good Colon Il egi del	32
to angiotensin II a causes vasoconstricty, of efferent arteriales	21.

5 cless 5 - 9

CVS disease: Such as sclerasis in the ABP hypertension I Cali classification, Il liplis Gen amideipli & Con alladi Gree on hypertens. Il Willia Ger to Co Cil Complications of Hypertension (a) Atherosclerosis of Blood vessels: Here when BPist wheer force is t this may cause injury of Blood vessels intima (voscular intima) & consequently - precipitator, of athernscleratic plaques causing atherosclerosis a consequence ~ + PR OF ~ & Trisk of intravascular thrambasis Sociatel al Jean B. Vill Cety walled dear bight was ABP I Feeld + bearing fats of believery lie with the country lie of B.V. II StiPR 11 1959 Sti BV 11 compie co 19 an atheroscleratic plaques thrombosis, blood (50) you B.V this thrombosis may block procoronary artery or cardial infarction of brain artery or stroke angina.

	-10-
İ	a) A Work load on the heart :
as	we said before ~ venous vasoconst. ~ + Preload
	natterial vasocoast as 1 after load
0	hort carries out a hard work in chronic hypertension
	of not treated in the heart muscle will suffer from
	fatigue
	on this case ~ COP will be till it becomes less
	than venous return
~	this case is called heart failure.
(	1 02 Consumptry of heart?
	- Consumptify Constitute c
	Had I do do of the land
	I The hard work of heart muscle needs a coming from
	Coronary actory-
$\sim$	- if cardiac work becomes higher than coronary flow
	coronary insufficiency occur which causes myocordial
	infarction, angina
a	Degenerative changes:
	Blood yessels (Has) as not sothestend the ARP
	Blood vessels (thin) ~ may not withstand the 18P
	resulting in rupture as bleeding.
	in brain for example as causes strake.
	acti dassificato, Il al g hypertensional a al liés lial outer
	celel andien a city 1117 in complete the





	li) B. adrenergic Blockers:
	·
	- examples : * proprandol (B Blocker) * atendal (B, Blocker) - They cause & m BP by 2 mechanism :
	B, Block of healt receptors as to COP by brodycardia  B, block of Krdney receptors as to trenin release  to transint which causes unsocranst of efferent  afterroles
	BP
	_
	iii) Combined & Badrenergie Blackers:
	example: * Labetalot
#	- example à * Labetatal
#	
╫	·
	(B) & Stimulants)
Ī	y was simulations of
-	- Ciliano
	examples & clanidine a methyldopa
A CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED AND A	
-	(prodrug ~ in body ~ a methyl NE)
	Those are of Selective agonists that & Sympathetic activity
	by 2 mechanisms " () Presynaptic inhibity, (peripherally)
-	2) Postsynaptic , (centrally (CNS))
L	COP
1	2

Thia Bides - safe. effective well Tolerated in expensive ex hydrochlero Thia rides Cyclo PenThia Sides Indopumble >M.OA Block Naticity H20 reabsorptin in cartical diluting segment in Distal-Tubules? ABPUOL > & COP > &BP \* naturelie ellect \* Natconc- inside Cell & BVs > 4 size > 4PR > 43P SE:- Dhyperglycemia 2) hyperuricemia 3) hypo Kalemia DC.I : Origin TerAch 1 diabelic Patient

13) gout patient

3 digitalis

4 [2] Diurelics Loop Diurelico ex Furosemide Torasenicle E Thacylica effect as anti hypertensive drugs only in Patient & renal in sufficiency and A Blood uct. AOM 4 - ausulfonamide treaborration af daidin ascending loop of Hente (Thick) · Feliminating Kt, Cat, Mai, HCo3 - hypo kalounia - hypocalciemia - hypo magnesemia + hype natremia - Hyperuricomia - dange qu. Televana - abtexicat Polose -> Dryg interAdy - Fure semide + atotexic drag -> Pototoxicity - ruro semiole + digitalis -> Adigitalio Texicity - furesemide - + liThium level -DCT - Prestatic hyperplasia - Yout Patien - digitalis

Patassium Sparing diaretics ex Spirinolación Amiloride - Triamterene - weak discretics used in Combinato cother divelies To antegenist hypokalemia elect -MOR of spiringbothen: in Collecting ducts Act as competitive antigonist at aldestern Rs as Na tima aldesterentike structure Rock aldesteren R Block aldesteren R ONA NO Channel & Block Nat / Pump @ Mateut and kt inflex by Nat/k+ Pump treabserpting Nat, H20 3 kt in & collecting lumin Fout & Kt, & Mgt y K+ channel Texcuetral Na 1420 - MOA of Amiloride, TrimeTerene Block Not channel on collection duct. + Nat reabserptin 1590 of III Patients - hyperkalemia (Diabetic old) 12 10% of 11 Patients - 9 yre Com action - Drug interActin -sin Combinator - hyperkdemia D. D &

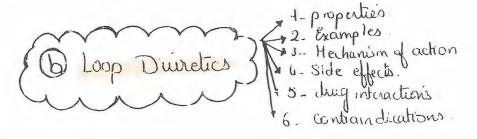
in Renal failure -

Collact &	a little get		@ Thiozides	
_	Oll 2 Dil	iretics	6 Loop diviretics	
	الاختلاف عماميم	11 \	Patassium sparing diviretics	
reaksorphy	, inhibition 11		<u>-</u>	
		m	Vacante examples	
	Ca Thiaz	ides )	) properties, examples Mechanism ag acto,	
	un	W Tiii	side effects	
		* iv)	interactions, contraindical	11
				_
1) Proper	ties & examples :			
* effective	re x Safe	* Well tolerat	ed * inexpensive	
example	3 8			
	* hydrachloro thrazida	es xind	pomide	
	* cyclopenthiazide	****	· .	
				-1.
ii) Mech	anism of action:	1		
			^ I	
		reabsorptn, i	n cortical diluting segmen	pt
	tubule.			
	~	ss a bloo	d volume of + COP -+	<b>/</b>
Systo	ic blood pressure			
	1		1 00 01 1	
			le cello of Blood vessels	
			asocilatatay as + PR as + B	P
this is	called naturetic e	Hect		

	- 15-
200)	Side effects: Un classed IV bear Van collé égéles
	Jely veniting le nousia II is contraindicate, Il o interactor, Il
	الفاشلة دى مماط شي لازماد الفاشلة دى مماط شي لازماد
T	hyper glycemia so so causes disturbance in effect of
	eral antidiabetic drugs  & contraindicated we diabetic putient
(2)	hypokalemia ~ increase risk of digitalis
(corre	cted by Kt sparing divireties) Side effect à jaloural a Stédia
	& containdated we patients we
	existing FCG alterations as it may can arthythmia.
3	hyperuricemia > & contraindicated we gout patients
îv)	Drug interaction, Contraindication, & stand will stand
<u>a</u>	disturbance of effect of oral antidiabetic drugs.
6	increase risk of digitalis side effects.  Reinforce Lithium toxicity by reducing (+) renal clearance and
, &	contraindicated with patients with ECG alteraty, diabetic
	Go L'I "Nos on chients.
	شايف مم التي حمد آسف تان/ويلا بينا أكمل بالفط العمل وتستريمو م خطى (ذاك الفراخ)

Achin Section .

-16à dur retico ا نبي زياد في شاوا نشوف تافي نوخ



#### Il Properties &

\* It is the most powerful duretic (cause 15-25% of Nat excretion)

they are relatively ineffective as antihypertensive drugs except in patients with renal insufficiency or significant elevation of blood volume.

Tend insufficiency with all allow on paint better in the control of the

This lack of chronic effect is due to their lack of arterial dilator activity.

2 Examples &

\* Furosemide

\* Torasemide

\* Ethacynic acid.

### 3 Mechanism of Action:

\* thosemide is a sulfonande directics

It's effect is based on the of reabsorption of

Noit & claim the ascending limb of loop of

Henle (thick part)

Loop duretics - pour in tols

\* abo \_\_ 1 climination of Kt, Hg2+, at2 & bicarbonates
side effects II ('s Lo os (hypo-) deta let us cirilis
. aistr

#### 4 Side effects :

- \* Hypokalemia (but less than thiarides)
- \* Hyponatremia
- \* Hypomagnesemia
- \* Hyperuricemia
- \* Imparied glucose tolerance
- \* Hypokalemia & Hypomagnes emia (IHg) 1 the risk of dangerous arrhythmia.
- \* High dose of furosemide is ototoxic (% can't be used with other Ototoxins)

### [5] Drug Interactions &

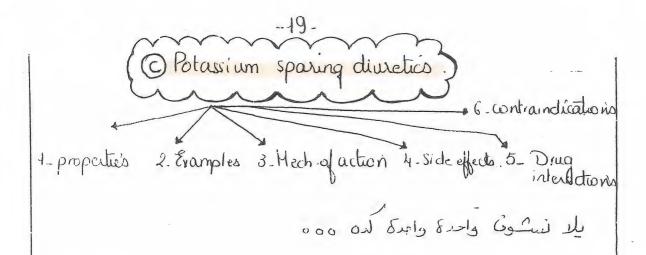
1-The risk of otoloxicity 1 when furosemide is used together with aninoglycosides or Cefaloridine

2- Hypokalemia induced by furosemide 1 the risk of toricity of digitalis
(55-1) (m of light and angina. Il ist la berseis

3 - Furosemide also 1 lithium level (like other duiretics)

### [6] Contraindications:

\* In Case of Prostate hyperplasia (as it may cause wrine retention)



### 1 Properties :

\* They are relatively weak and are most often used in combination with other duretics to antagonize the hypokalemia

2 Examples :

\* Spironolactione

Amiloride.

\* Trianterene.

قبل ما نشوفها ری ۵۰۰ هندرش مح بعض شوه کده و بعدی my andila cent hind while Hechanism of Actional Civil وننع فاصمن حلوه ٥٥ مه

\* الأول لأزم سَعَى عارف ان النوع ده من الد من العالم من الحك لازم سَعَى عارف ان النوع ده من الد من الد من العالم المنافعة المناف · Collecting ducts . 11 c/c

(3 cincle down collecting ducts 11 is 4 ca lange \* - Not il reabsorption dipes while origin

> iptio - collecting ducto I de is os منها خلیه واصره نشرج علیهاه ده

1) Nat channel. Nat Kitchannel. Kitchannel. Walk't pump.

Excetion

Bexaetion

1) Nat channels 11 (1) audi de l'ine app del \* - sed wid It DN lacrec geo IL tout printsollos ees 1845 evand and cel It grand xagth XIAN @ -> (2) atten IL tol Ill) دخل موه الخليق ده وتطلعه برن وتدخل مكانه الخليق ده وتطلعه برن وتدخل مكانه الخليق ده 1 LtDN coppe in Kt 119 reabsorption oup Not 11 alpeg collecting duct Ital Kchannels II (is) as alle ① Not I Am Kt — and Find in the excretion

① K t I Am Kt — 15 on is Juss ←

aldosterone hormone II a le sur per si colo cup aldosterone hormone II a le sur al cir le di miller so aldosterone receptors i con al con de sur al con de sur al con de sur al con de sur al collecture ducto is on secretors i collecture ducto is on secretors in collecture ducto is on receptors in collecture ducto is on receptors in secretors in collecture ducto is on receptors in secretors in collecture ducto is on receptors in secretors in secretors is on receptors in secretors in

\* طب ٥٥٥ احماً كده خلام عرف اله الله بستمل ف الطبيع م تعالوا نسوى بق اله المعالم الم المعالم الله ويق ساعتا م هالاقوها سهلة أوى ٥٥٥ الله بسا ساوى الاول اله ق

\* Spironolatione:

At is synthetic steroid with aldosterone like structure — & It acts as a competitive antagonist at aldosterone receptors.

12 Line of the structure — & It acts as a live in the limit of t

ou block the action of No'l K' pump - I reabsorption of Nat & H2O - 1 excretion.

also keeps k' out - not excreted - saved.

Spironolactone inhibits Na & H2O reabsorption while sparing (= Saving) potassium & Magnesium metabolism.

\* The most important of these receptors are situated in the distal portion of renal tubules.

\*The optimal effect is dependent on sufficient NC.

Supply in the distal portion of the renal tubules as it can be observed in the aide Itt.

Use thiasde II - thiaside II zo oipe lod vizo - distal tubules II is neabsorption II

I i i use - collecting ducts II does os

K spaning diwretics II

كده شينا اله عام عام المعام بيشتغل ازاى م من الادوية النالية هنشتغل ازاى ؟!

(\* Amiloride & Trimeterene 8)

collecting ducts II is UN Not channels II is less in a less in les collecting ducts II is Not channels II is less in a less in 
gyne compostia

### 1 Side Effects 8

علامات الانوثة

\* In Long run \_ gynecomastia occurs in more tian 10% of patients treated with spironolactorie.

\* Also, 5% of treated patients suffer from hyperkalemia (especially if renal functions are impaired, in diabetics & the elderly)

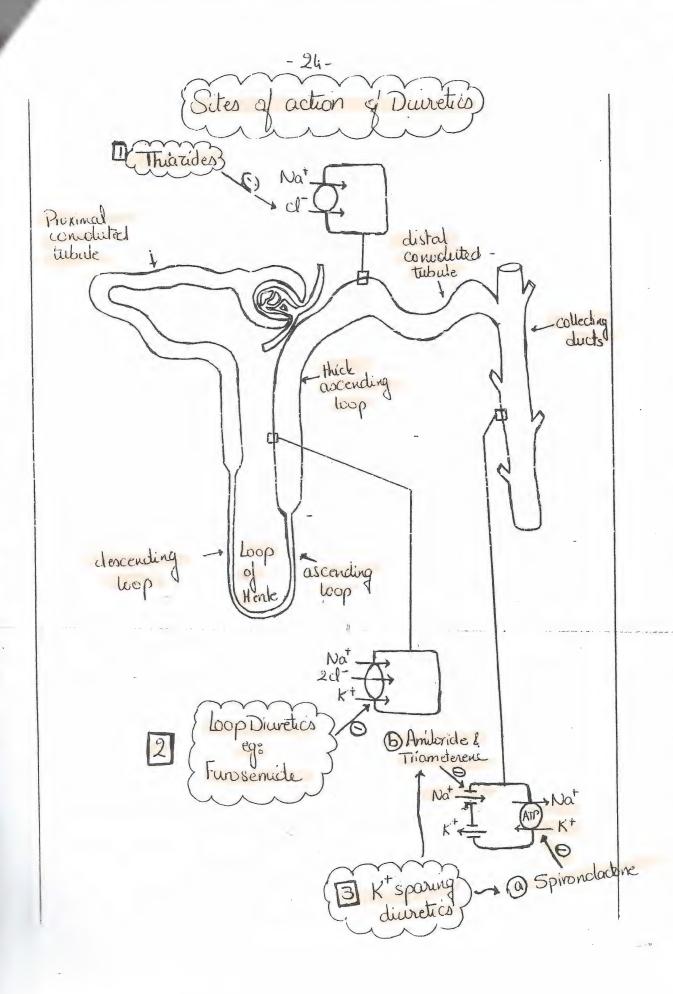
### 5 Drug Interactions:

\* Concomitant administration of other potassium sparing duiretics (as amiloride & Triaméterene) with Spironolactone. Also potassium salts and ACE inhibitors \_\_\_\_ can cause dangerous hyperkalemia.

### [6] Contraindications:

or quickly progressing renal failure.

duretics II & Estate France Com lesta



3) Vaso Dilators we directly Active in smooth muscule of BVs all affect arteries mechanism only except Na NiTrep. lease 3 opening K Block Cat 2 No Channels Parental) orall Vaso. 2. Channel Channels Blacker (EDRF) Vibutors Unadolilators k+channel fen 400t enob Thelia derived Relaxaling PK Permiability Vacler relearly + k+ ellex hyperPolotizeIn GTP (GMP minoxidil NaniTreprussida Hydrala line in Adivativ for P. Close L. type Prodrug body non diurelic hia sides - affect artery \*cat intra \* Activate of guarylate kinase Gerchannels minexidil sulfate Gllular a vein Cyclase \* 1c+ channel opener in Adicate of MICkingse \* Ktchannel pener xIII of hypogly amia - rapid onset - Short durater of A VCa+2 (mins) SO I - V to Phosphyglata Caused by Tumer - hellex Tachy Cardia Continears infusor relexation Arenin AAJII , TWat How retension andvasedikty & Contractor S.E -systemicosendo - ktchannel So used in Gentsinouty relakaln Televance opener & in sulin Divietic, & Blacker -metabolised to - hy Pergly Cemia - hyperunicamia and scytachrene Passion -- Aysternic Pseudo Elerane chimnel Imp in election - Constipta - Dianhoa \* Hair grow due Rhadonase To & Blood flow So - flushing vashing + NaNez SCN used II of alloperia Upuslike syndram Cyan met! auto immunedisease

مسن يعرف يقولى أحنا كده خلمنا اله كالعادل، ٥٥٠ أنا كالعادل، ٥٥٠

امنا خلمتاة

1- Sympatholytics.

2. D'iretics

يلا نشوى نالك نع وهوه

## 3 Vaso Dilators

randilation ( Les to ( Lind all si) vacoconstriction of les les of the lind all si) vacoconstriction of les les of lind all side of less of le

\* Vasodilators act by dilating blood vessels by acting directly on smooth muscle cells through Non Autonomic

حل اللاث أوى عده مالوث علاقة علاقة علاقة علاقة علاقة علاقة على المستورية ال

\* (3) major mechanisms are utilized by direct Vasodilators : 1- Release of netric acid

2-Opening of K channels

3- blockade of Ca channels.

-26-اج رقيا حما رتعي Edel is a mechanism of pei 19 18 [1] Release of Mitric Oxide & 1900 Livil Q1 day Endothelial Derived : Clas Cit pul Gul JA Relaxing Factor (EDRF) Stimulate Guanylate cyclose - or nitric oxide JI GTP C GHP inactivation of certain Protein knases Phosphoylation of Myosin light chain kniase (MLCK. ()) inactrie os Prevent phosphorylation of MLC Prevent Contraction ( oo Relaxation)

HICK I inactuation der dell caerino Contraction confraction HIC I adivation con relaxation.

يس كده ه ه ه ه ه

8 mechanism st

# 2 Opening of Potassium Crannels?

هافکرکم سریهٔ کده مایهٔ قلاها قبل کده ه ه ه فاکستن الد . saction Pot !!

Is from all alog

Contraction with the channels of the polarization of the Not II contraction of depolarization with the Not II contraction of the Not II contraction with air order II to a shifty up to the polarization of the channel II with a shifty with a shift of the channel II contraction 
من بين راماً في ATP ما داده الله عليه من داده الله عليه عنو لما عبل المنط الدنيا .

ATP II funció per Kt channel opening dais (UI apos) (LS)

(co op ribe ciù le Kt II plus opening dais (UI apos) (CS)

K efflux = ast > action Potential pie

hyperpolarization = IS al an ul or and of the perpolarization fazzo che contraction of action decent contraction of action decent contraction of action of actio

# [3] Blockade of Calcium Channels 3

العامرة المساول عنى الدان من المعامرة المساول والمساول من المعامرة المساول من المعامرة المساول الله من المعامرة المساول الله من المعامرة المساول الله مناطقة عنوا بالمعامرة المساول الله عنوا الله عنوا الله المساول الله عنوا الله المساول الله عنوا 
تعالى بقى نشوف كل دواء بيشيخ بأن mechanism من دول 3

### Vaso dilators

Oral Vasudilators

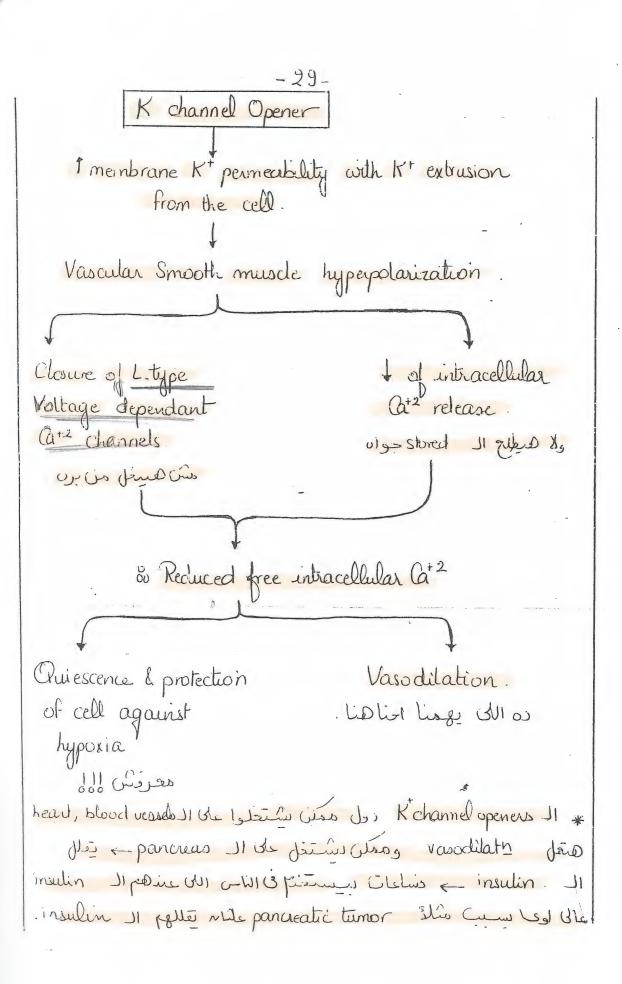
- 1) Hydralazine.
- 2 Minoridal

Parentral Vasodilators

- 1 Diazoxide
- 2) Na nitropruside

Cachannel

هناخنهم الجامزة الجارة ان شاء الله.



\* مطومة بن مهمة حباً مداً بدأ عبد تطها في دمانات كده وتقفل عليها -[ All Vasodilators cause Vasodilation of (Atrenes only. EXCEPT Na Nitroprusside Cause Vaso dilation of both Arteries & Veins. يلابينا يشوف اول ¿ Vasodilators 11 is class 11 Oral Vasodilators - Hechanism of Action [1] Hydralazine ~ Side effects. H Hechanism of Action & \* It acts directly on arteriolar smooth muscle to induce relaxation with little or no effect on افتكر على طول السرواز اللى نـوى ره ه veins. 15 mechanism Gilderano Cup \* \* collular mechanism involves activation of quarylate cyclase - accumulation of CGMP. Lie on nitric oxide 11 tiste mechanism 11 oues vier 1) send impulses to CAC Laroreceptors JI

1 Heart rate & contractility (reflex tachycardia)

2) Trenin secretion from kidney - TAng II - TBP

3 1 Not & H2U retention.

tend to reverse the continy pertensive action of the drug (Systemic pseudotolerance)

To Hydralazine is reach usually in combination with advenergic blocker (usually B-blocker) & a divinetic

علشام يقلل اله renin العامال اله العامال اله العامال الهام المام 
Nather II gle wille reubscription.

121 Side Effects:

vasidilate den six

Ott produces unacceptable headache

2 tachy cardia

3 Harked Nat & Hw retention cet llagal des

\* Other side effects include s - diarrhae
- constipation
- nasal congestion
- flushing & rashing
\* A liquis like signdrome may occur.

نامه در های اللات می در تراسی در اللات می اللات

(2) Minoxidil L. Side effects.

of is Produced

### [7] Hechanism of Action &

- \* Honoxidil is extremely efficaceous \_, 50 USed for severe hypertension.
- \* It is a produce \_\_\_\_, Converted in body to its metabolite \_\_\_, Minoxidil sulfate (active form).
- \* Mechanism : , K thannel opener hyperpolarizes and relaxes vascular smooth muscles .

me distribution of the state of the contract o

of It is almost used with β. blocker and a loop divited.

#### 2 Side Effects:

1- Heacache.

2. Tachy cardia.

Pseudo Holerance) 3- Orthostatic hypotension.

4- marked Nat & Hio retention

ie 8 yes co → 5. Hair growth occurs in most patients after few weeks -, because of regional I in Cutareous blood flow.

what i muricionel Il traffe sois colarità lette Mantes

Topical form of minorial is currently available as a treatment of allopecia (Np) en alvisen unicia el 100 misque a sela le carlo absorption \_ a de le l'unitable de l'éval ele l'unit ده اجلاً فيخطه وامل النه هيدون قبل ما يطلعله شعر ٥٥٥ hehe

\* The interior of variable of the column of the variable of th

# 21 Parentral Vasodilators

(1) Diazoxide

(2) Na nitroprusside

JIB parentral emergency only very potent WX

# 1 Diazoxide Side Effects

\* It is mon duretic thiaride
thiarides 11 (3) (3) divineti: who was thiaride = 0 (12)

### Mechanism of Action &

\* Diazoxide opens K+ channels - thus hyperpolarizing and relaxing smooth muscle cells.

\* This drug also rectues insulin release \_, so can be used to treat hypoglycemia caused by an insulin producing tumor.

glucose II b'octavo - insulin zde tumor II insulin release II diazoride II - hypoglycemia - hypoglycemia (bypoglycemia) (bla Posiziulo)

#### 121 Side effects:

1) Tachycardia 2) Nat 8H20 retention.

3) Hyperglycemia (1) Hypouricemia

وعرفنا ليه ي

23 Na Nitroprusside: C. Side Effects. [1] Mechanism of action : \* Na nitroprusside produces both arteriolar and venous dilation -> ilent \* The Vasodilatory mechanism & (Similar to that of organic ritrates) includes = enzymatic degradation to form Guanylate cyclase dependant vasodilation: \* Nitro prusside is a short acting drug (short duration of action - few mins) - 50 must be injused continously. \* It has a rapid onset of action, v. effective, be monitored so has become a common choice in the treatment of most life threatening hypertensive emergencies.

لانك هيشنقل تُسرعة أدى مع هالحق المريض.

#### [2] Side Effects:

- hypotension (most frequent adverse effect)

\_ naisca \_ vomiting

- headache - Sweating.

\_ reatlessness \_ chest pain.

\_ confusion \_ palpitation (reflex tachy cardia chuet JBP)

\* Granide ions, which are potent cytochrome poisons, are metabolic by product of nitroprusside metabolism.

responsible for electron transport (D W) Cytochrome system II

Under usual circumstances  $\rightarrow$  CN ions are inactivated by Rhodonase enzyme which converts CN to this excreted in urine.

CN Rhodonase enj. SCN

non toxic & excreted in urine.

& Contraindicated in patients with renal Failure

we can give anyl nitrite or NaNO2

They convert part of Hemoglobin (only 20%)

— HetHemoglobin

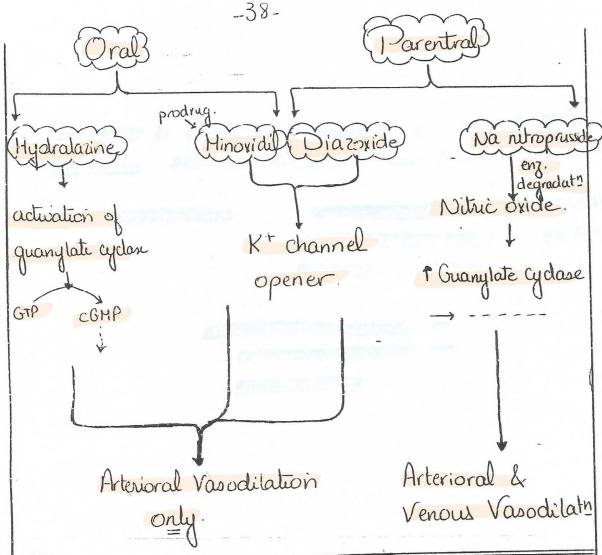
| captures the CN ions.

Cyanomet Hemoglobin

give him No. thiosulfate

Excreted in urne

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\* خلامی کده ه المعام ری معلوماتها مش کستر آوی و لا محمد فالتها محمد محمد و محم